

Sister Study Biliary Tract Cancer Outcomes (any behavior)¹ and Characteristics: Data Release 10.1²

	N	% of cohort
Total Cases³	47	0.1
Timing, Behavior, and Site	N	% of cases
Baseline – Invasive – Gallbladder	1	2.1
Incident	46	97.9
Invasive	45	95.7
Gallbladder	7	14.9
Intrahepatic bile duct	14	29.8
Bile duct - not specified	3	6.4
Ampulla of Vater	8	17.0
Unknown ⁴	13	27.7
<i>In situ</i> – Gallbladder	1	2.1
Incident	46	
Race/Ethnicity⁵		
Non-Hispanic White	42	91.3
Non-Hispanic Black	4	8.7
Hispanic	0	0.0
Other	0	0.0
Age (in years) at Diagnosis⁶		
Under 50	1	2.2
50-64	15	32.6
65 and older	30	65.2
Diagnosis Confirmation⁷		
Medical	23	50.0
NDI Plus or death certificate only	13	28.3
None	10	21.7
Incident – Medically Confirmed	23	
Stage at Diagnosis⁸		
0	1	5.3
I	3	15.8
II	2	10.5
III	3	15.8
IV	10	52.6
Missing, cannot stage	4	

-
- ¹ Cancer events are defined by the following ICD10 cancer codes: invasive intrahepatic bile duct (C22.1), invasive gallbladder (C23), invasive other and unspecified parts of biliary tract (C24). Other ICD10 cancer codes that may be used when biliary tract is indicated as one of the favored primary sites: invasive digestive organ (C26.9), invasive unspecified site (C80), *in situ* liver, gallbladder and bile ducts (D01.5), *in situ* digestive organ (D01.9), uncertain behavior of liver, gallbladder and bile ducts (D37.6), uncertain behavior of digestive organ (D37.9), unspecified behavior of digestive organ (D49.0).
 - ² Data release 10.1 includes outcomes from follow-up phases that closed on or before 10/12/2020, excluding all data from participants who have withdrawn their data from the study (n=4).
 - ³ Excludes cancer diagnoses where a biliary tract site of origin could not be ruled out, but it is not the favored site [n=5].
 - ⁴ Unknown site includes reports of gallbladder or intrahepatic bile duct [n=1]; gallbladder or bile duct - not specified [n=1]; biliary tract - not specified [n=1]; and also includes diagnoses where biliary tract is favored primary site but other site(s) cannot be ruled out, e.g. pancreatobiliary (i.e. gallbladder, bile ducts, or pancreas) [n=5]; intrahepatic bile duct or liver [n=4]; gallbladder, intrahepatic bile duct, or other site outside of biliary tract [n=1]
 - ⁵ Race/ethnicity: precedence given to Hispanic ethnicity first, then Black race, then other race, then White race
 - ⁶ For those missing age at diagnosis [n=8], age was imputed as the midpoint of the range of plausible ages at diagnosis
 - ⁷ Medical confirmation of reported biliary tract cancer is generally from pathology report but may include other medical documentation; National Death Index (NDI) Plus or death certificate confirmation is specific to cases that do not have medical confirmation
 - ⁸ Stage at diagnosis is only available for cases with medical confirmation