

**Sister Study Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Peritoneal Cancer Outcomes (any type) and Characteristics:
Data Release 6.0¹**

Characteristic	N	%
Total Cases²	428	
Timing, Behavior, and Site		
Baseline	197	46.0
Invasive	196	45.8
Ovarian	188	43.9
Fallopian tube	3	0.7
Unknown ³	5	1.2
In situ – Peritoneal	1	0.2
Unknown timing ⁴	18	4.2
Invasive – Ovarian	17	4.0
Uncertain behavior – Ovarian	1	0.2
Incident – Invasive	213	49.8
Ovarian	177	41.4
Fallopian tube	11	2.6
Broad ligament	1	0.2
Peritoneum ⁵	9	2.1
Unknown ⁶	15	3.5
Incident	213	
Race/Ethnicity⁷		
Non-Hispanic White	188	88.3
Non-Hispanic Black	14	6.6
Hispanic	7	3.3
Other	4	1.9
Age (in years) at Diagnosis		
Under 50	17	8.3
50-64	105	51.2
65 and older	83	40.5
Missing	8	
Diagnosis Confirmation⁸		
Medical	138	64.8
NDI Plus or death certificate only	25	11.7
None	50	23.5

Characteristic	N	%
Incident – Medically Confirmed	138	
Stage at Diagnosis⁹		
I	38	29.5
II	12	9.3
III	67	51.9
IV	12	9.3
Missing, cannot stage	9	

¹ Peritoneal cancer excludes retroperitoneal site of origin; Data release 6.0 includes outcomes from follow-up phases that closed on or before 9/15/2016

² Excludes cancer diagnoses where ovarian, fallopian tube, or peritoneal site of origin could not be ruled out, but none are the favored site [n=8]

³ Unknown site includes ovarian or fallopian tube [n=1]; ovarian or omentum [n=1]; ovarian, fallopian tube, or peritoneal [n=1]; and also includes diagnoses where ovarian, fallopian tube, or peritoneal are favored primary site(s) but other site(s) cannot be ruled out [n=2]

⁴ Unknown timing represents cases that are unknown if diagnosis at or prior to baseline vs. post-baseline (i.e. incident case)

⁵ Includes omentum [n=2]

⁶ Unknown site includes reports of ovarian or fallopian tube [n=1]; ovarian or peritoneal [n=4]; fallopian tube or peritoneal [n=1]; ovarian, fallopian tube, or peritoneal [n=3]; and also includes diagnoses where ovarian, fallopian tube, or peritoneal are favored primary site(s) but other site(s) cannot be ruled out [n=6]

⁷ Race/ethnicity: precedence given to Hispanic ethnicity first, then Black race, then other race, then White race

⁸ Medical confirmation of reported ovarian, fallopian tube, or peritoneal cancer is generally from pathology report but may include other medical documentation; National Death Index (NDI) Plus or death certificate confirmation is specific to cases that do not have medical confirmation

⁹ Stage at diagnosis is only available for cases with medical confirmation